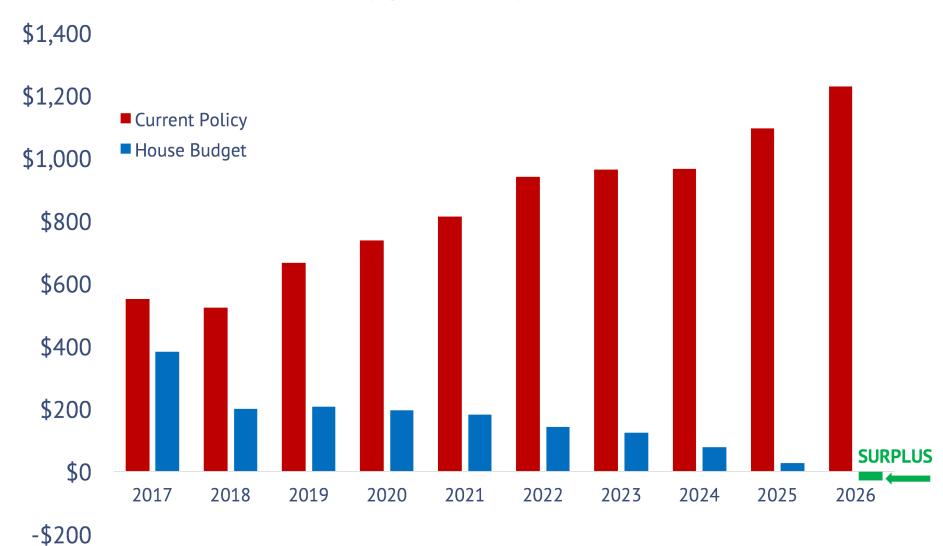
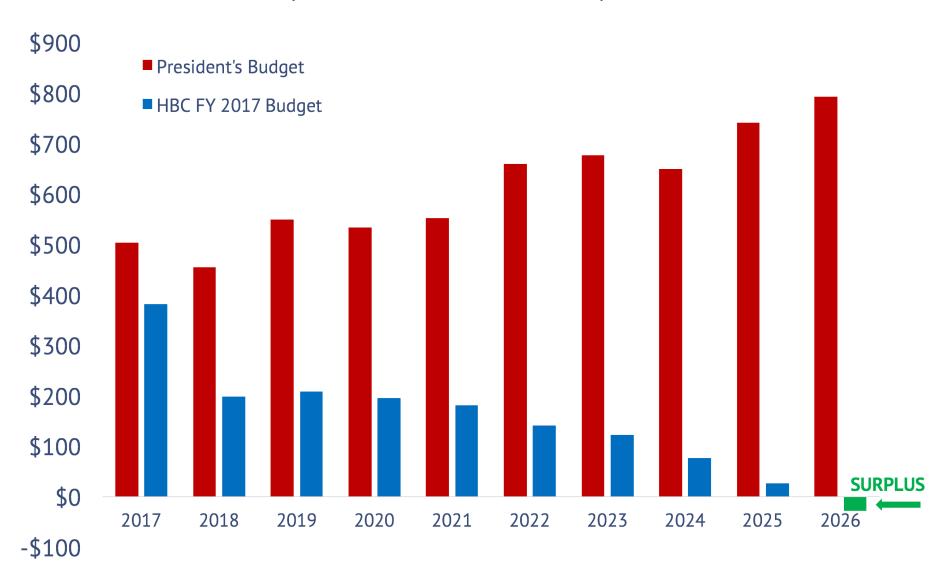
BALANCES THE BUDGET

Deficit Path in FY2017 House Budget vs. Current Policy (Figures in Billions)



A BALANCED BUDGET

(Annual Deficits in the Billions)

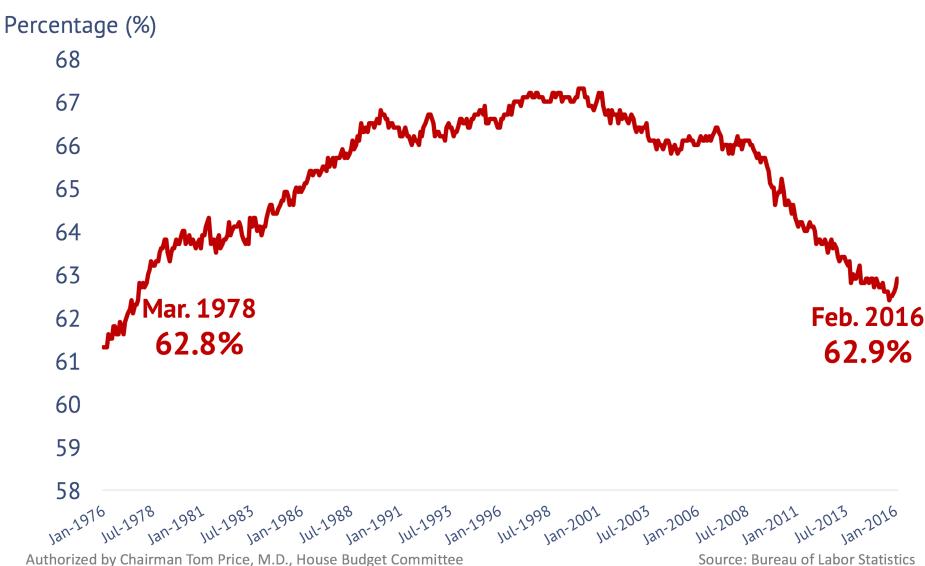


DUPLICATIVE ANTI-POVERTY PROGRAMS

Program Area Number of Programs Cost in FY 2012

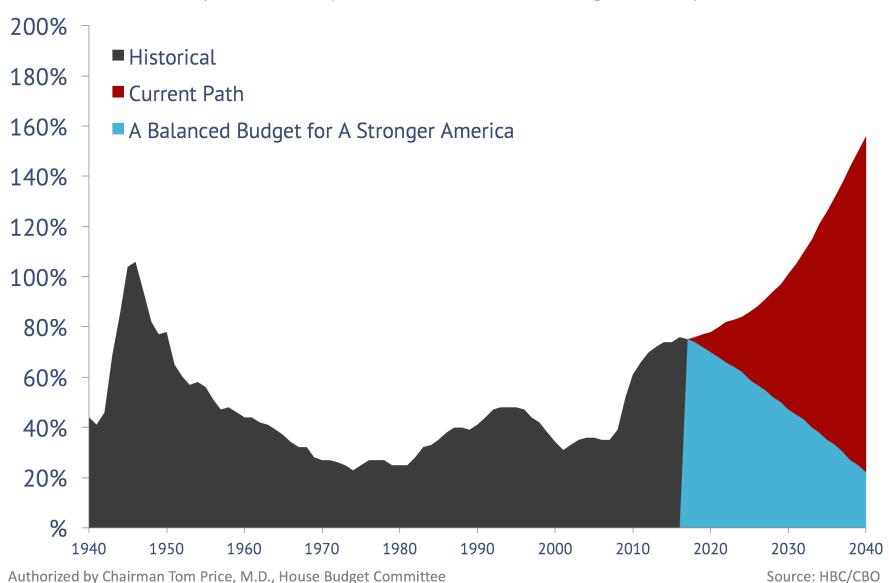
Cash Aid	5	\$220 billion
Education and job training	28	\$94.4 billion
Energy	2	\$3.9 billion
Food aid	17	\$105 billion
Health care	8	\$291.3 billion
Housing	22	\$49.6 billion
Social Services	8	\$13 billion
Veterans	2	\$21.8 billion
TOTALS	92	\$799 billion

LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE IS HISTORICALLY LOW



PAYING OFF THE DEBT

(Debt Held by the Public as a Percentage of GDP)



INTEREST VS. OTHER SPENDING

(In 2026 Under Current Law)

NET INTEREST

\$830 Billion

DEFENSE





MEDICAID

\$642 Billion



EDUCATION



\$125 Billion



TRANSPORTATION



\$109 Billion



SCIENCE, SPACE, TECH



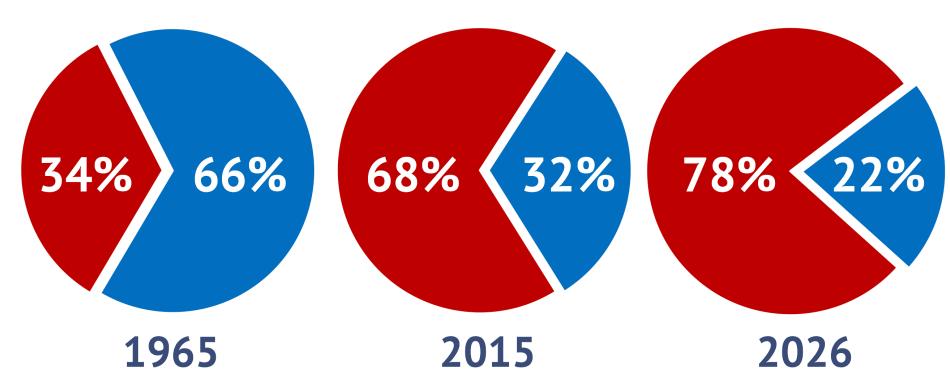
\$38 Billion



AUTOMATIC SPENDING GROWS OVER TIME

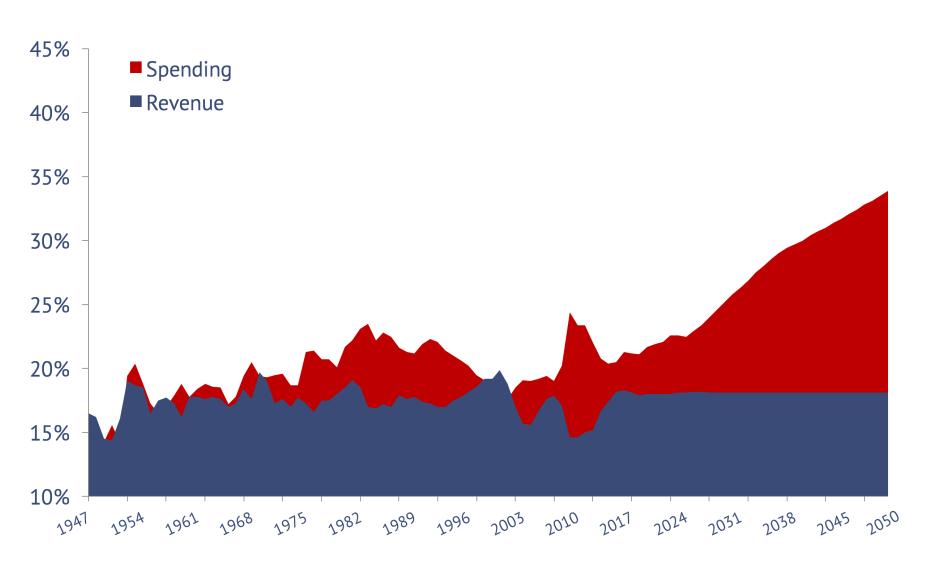


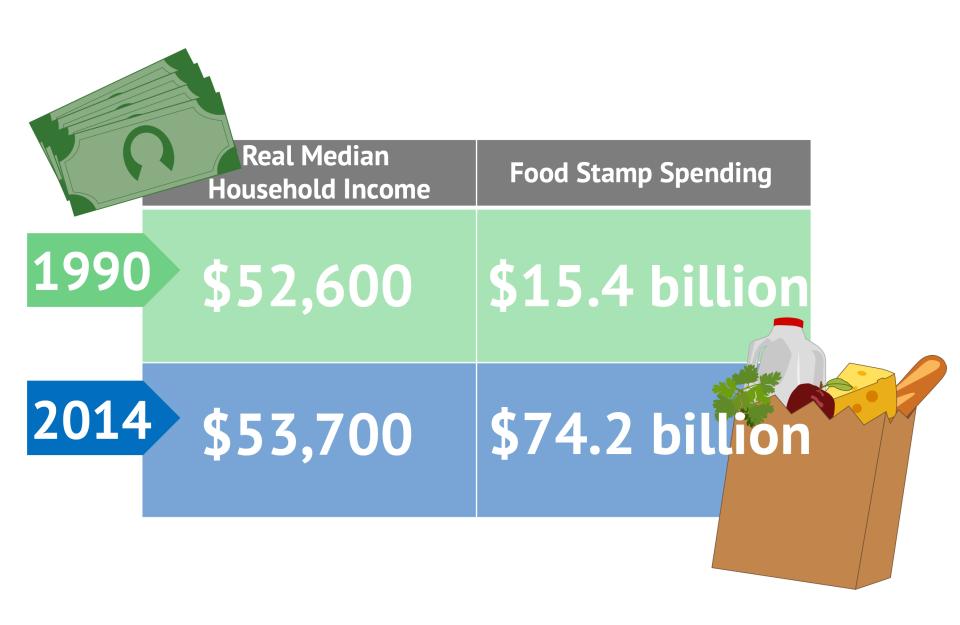




SPENDING IS THE PROBLEM

Historic/Projected Spending & Revenue as a Percentage of GDP



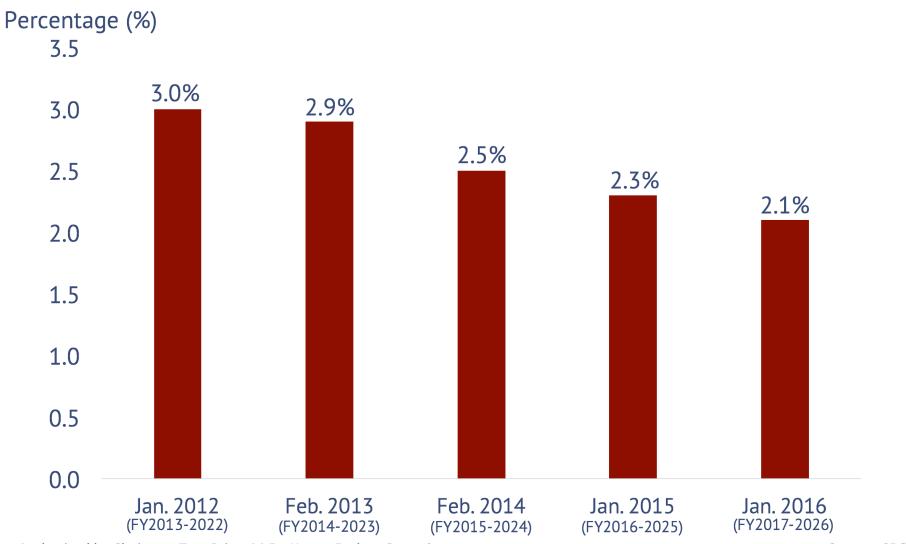


Since President Obama took office: \$1.5+ trillion

in new taxes

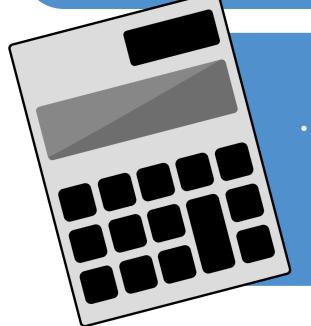
CBO'S PROJECTION OF REAL ECONOMIC GROWTH CONTINUES TO DECLINE

(Average Annual Percentage Change in Real GDP Growth for the Next 10 Year Period)



Individuals, families, and employers spend more than

6 billion hours...



...and \$160 billion

complying with our complicated tax code.

LOOMING INSOLVENCIES

SOCIAL SECURITY DISABILITY INSURANCE

INSOLVENT
2022





STRENGTHENING MEDICARE

Preserve traditional Medicare

Provide patients with greater choices

Lower costs for beneficiaries

Prevent Medicare from reaching insolvency

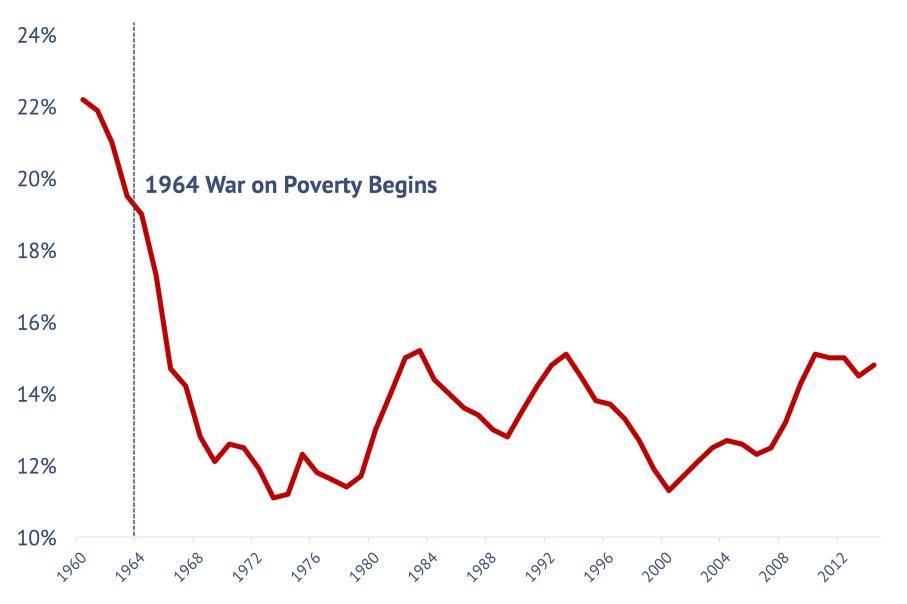
MEDICAID STATE FLEXIBILITY FUNDS

Allows states to tailor Medicaid to the unique needs of their communities

Supports work requirements for able-bodied adults

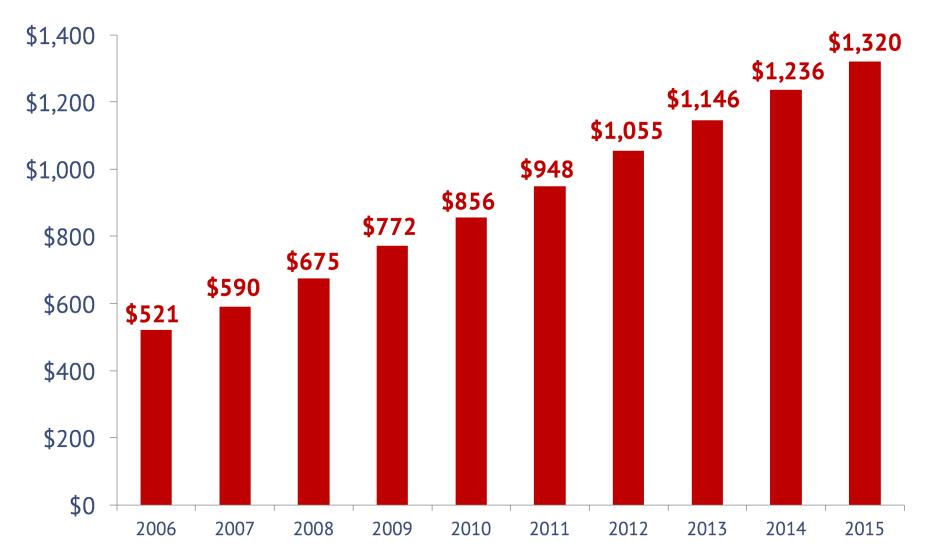
Ensures Medicaid focuses on its original mission of caring for the most vulnerable

PEOPLE LIVING BELOW THE POVERTY LINE



GROWING STUDENT LOAN DEBT

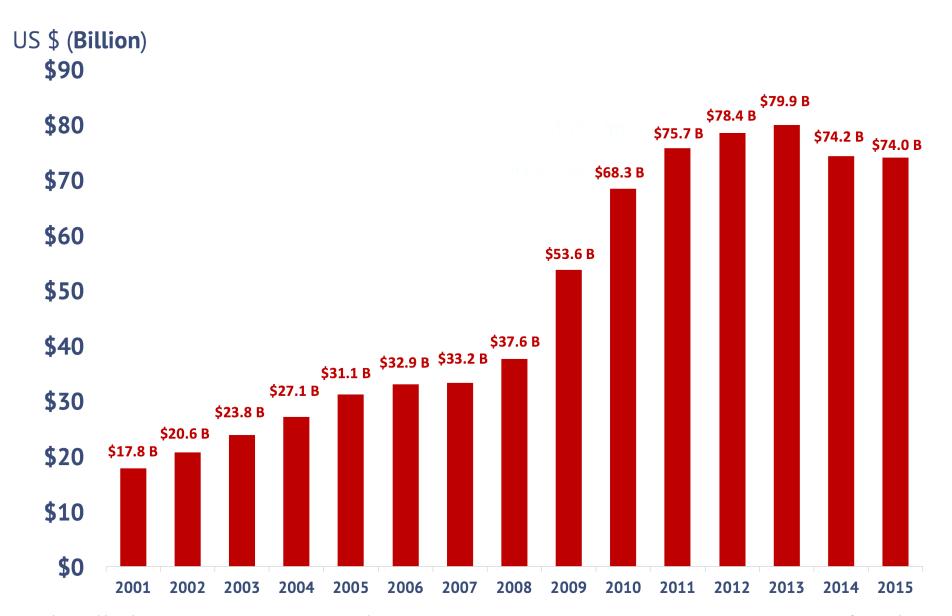
US \$ (Billion)



Authorized by Chairman Tom Price, M.D., House Budget Committee

Source: Federal Reserve

GROWTH OF SNAP SPENDING



DUPLICATIVE PROGRAMS

35 employment and job training programs across 8 departments and agencies

17 food aid programs

22 housing assistance programs

PRINCIPLES OF BUDGET PROCESS REFORM

Restore & respect Congress' power of the purse

Promote fiscal responsibility

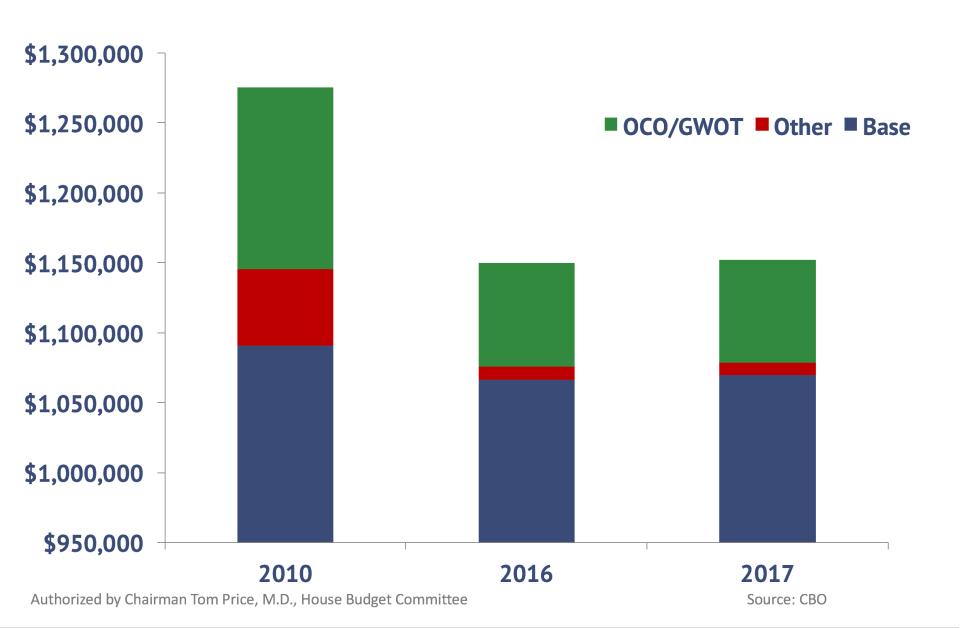
Increase oversight

Accurately measure and understand the fiscal & economic impact of policies

THE VISION

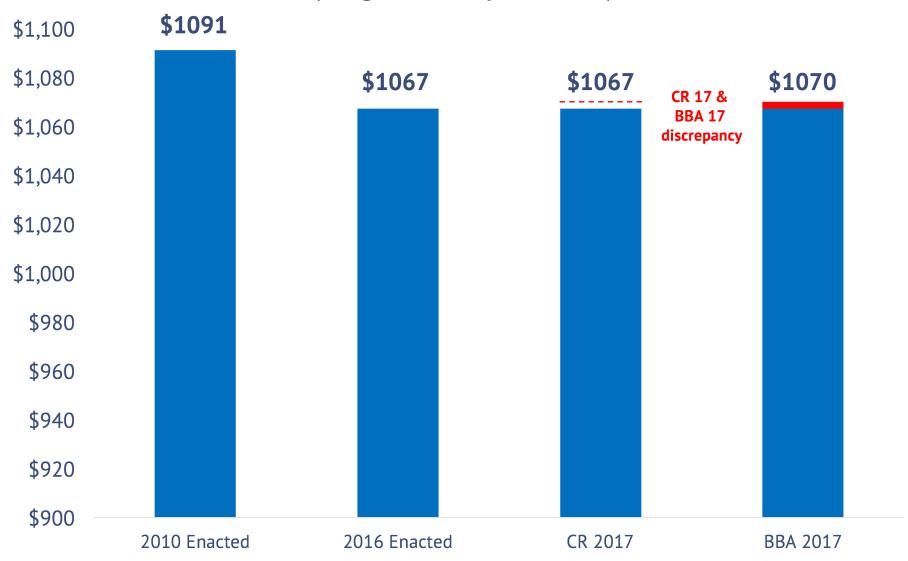
- Balances the budget by cutting spending by \$6.5 trillion over 10 years
- No tax increase
- Repeals Obamacare
- Provides \$90 billion more for defense spending than the Obama budget
- Enhances state flexibility in Medicaid, SNAP, and other public assistance programs
- Saves, strengthens and secures Medicare by advocating Premium Support
- Cuts non-defense discretionary spending by \$979 billion

DISCRETIONARY SPENDING SINCE FY2010



DISCRETIONARY SPENDING BBA VS. CR

(Budget Authority in Billions)

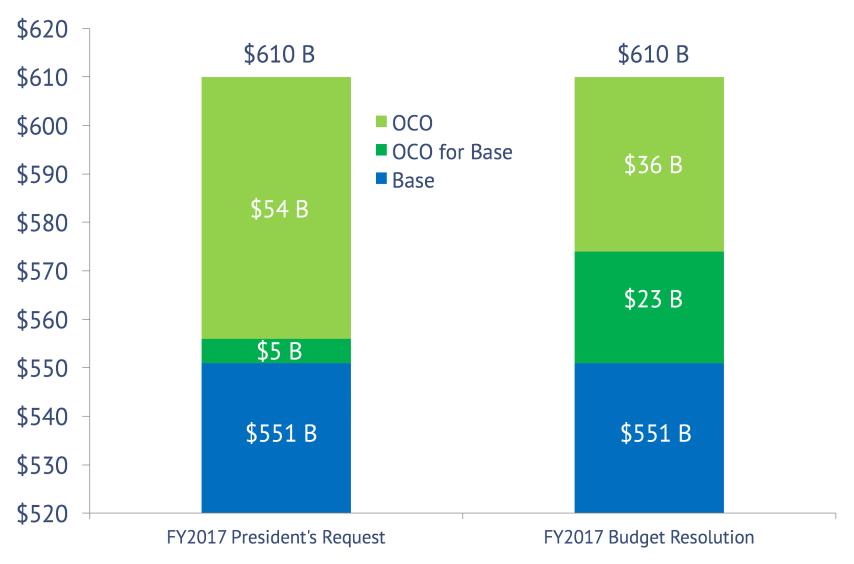


Authorized by Chairman Tom Price, M.D., House Budget Committee

Source: OMB/CBO

FY 2017 HOUSE BUDGET RESOLUTION

(Budget Authority in Billions)



AN UNSUSTAINABLE FISCAL PATH

- Sluggish economic growth averaging 2.1% over 10 years
- **\$9.4 trillion in deficits** over 10 years up \$1.5 trillion from August projections
- 10th year budget deficit = \$278 billion over last year
- 10 year average revenue growth of 4.1% vs. spending growth of 5.1%
- Total debt nearly \$30 trillion in 2026
- Federal health care spending has surpassed Social Security spending
- Medicare Part A goes insolvent in 2030

FY17 BUDGET PRINCIPLES

- Balance the budget within 10 years
- Save, strengthen and secure Medicare, Medicaid and Social Security
- Restore federalism
- Ensure a strong national defense
- Reform welfare and other autopilot spending reform
- Repeal Obamacare and provide for alternative
- Reform the tax code to promote economic growth and job creation
- Use reconciliation to advance solutions through Congress and to the president's desk

OBAMA'S FY2017 BUDGET

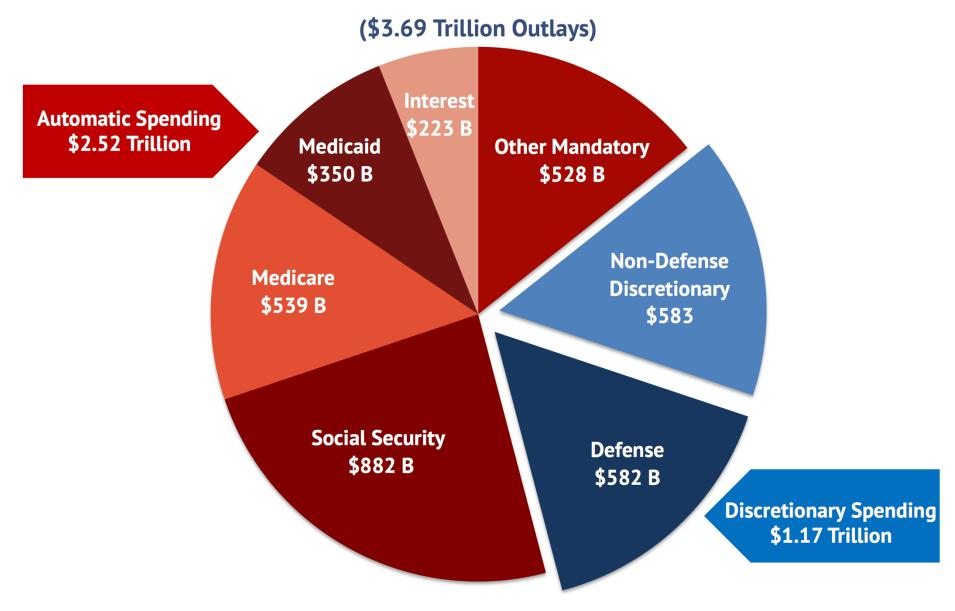
NEVER balances – EVER

•\$3.4 trillion in new taxes over 10 years

 Increases spending by \$2.5 trillion over 10 years

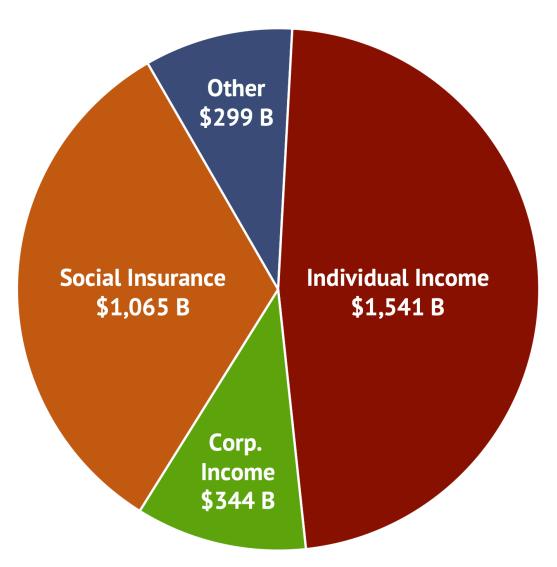
•Debt rises to \$27.4 trillion by 2026 – nearly triple the debt when Obama took office

FY2015 TOTAL SPENDING



Source: CBO

TOTAL REVENUE IN FY 2015 = \$3.25 TRILLION



Source: OMB/CBO